SEYMOUR SWARTS, Sec. & Treas.

Scrap Iron, Steel, Metal and Machinery.

Office. 557 State St.

Long Distance Telephone, Harrison 382. Established 1871. Yards, 551, 553, 555, 557 State St.

FRANK WENTER, Pres. & Treas.

A. W. SCHROETER, Secretary.

THE F. WENTER CO.,

Hat Racks, Cabinets, &c

Salesroom and Factory, 109-115 W. 14th St.

M. J. CONWAY, Real Estate

And Insurance,

1015 Tripp Ave.,

. . . Chicago.

asth St., Cor. Calumet Ave.

Telephone So. 807.

→ The Grand Restaurant <

Strictly respectable and first-class in all of its details, Special attention paid to families. Located near the Grand boulevard, there to no better place for the best class of people to patronize.

WILLIAM GILLAM, Proprietor.

... Also Caterer to Weddings, Banquets and Parties...

All Goods Strictly Pirst-Class. The Best that the Market Affords to Be Found on the Tables at All Times.

..40,000 acres..

s are unknow ited supply of water for irrigation renders the settler independent of the weather, and crops never fail.

Call at our office and see the finest free exhibit of California seeducts ever displayed in Chicago. If you want to go to California, or wish information about California, call upon or write to

The Land of Sunshine Co.,

112 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO.

J. E. MeNICHOLS.

McNICHOLS, Shirt Makers, Men's Furnishers,

121 E. Randolph St., Ashland Block, Chicago.

October Opening of Underwear and Hosiery.

And Always a Complete Line of NECKWEAR. T. J and J. E. McNichols have succeeded E. J. Dwyer & Co., Haberdashers, in the Ashland.

DADDY DOLLAR.

CREAM OF MALT.

AT ANY GROCERY.

OR-Coune's Bakeries.

164-166 Madison St., and 179-181 Lake St.

St. Louis and New Orleans!

FINE PASSENGER STEAMERS.

Leave St. Louis for New Orleans every Wed nesday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p. m., stopping at towns and principal landings en route.

All the boats have elegant passenger accommodations, large staterooms en suite for families and every convenience to make a trip pleasant

Fare, St. Louis to New Orleans, \$20, including stateroom and meals. Reduction for round-trip

For further information address

JOHN BIRD, Agent tee on Wharfboat foot of Chestnut St., ST. LOUIS, Man

PEARLS A MYSTERY.

The Method Used to Drill Round and

Nearly all of the molluscous animals that are aquatic and reside in shells are provided with a fluid secre-tion which they make use of to line their shell homes, and thus give to the hard substance of which the shell is formed a smooth surface that can in no way irritate the very tender body of the animal. The exact nature of this secretion has never been satisfactorily determined, but it is evidently deposited in thin, semi transparent films, which overlie each other irregularly, and to this peculiar arrangement of the films is attributed the iridescent luster of

In some species this pearly lining is quite thick, and is used for making many beautiful and useful articles. The material is called mother of pearl by dealers and nacre by zoologists.

Frequently, when the shells are opened, detached parts of the nacre are found. These loose orbs are thought to be the result of accidental causes. A grain of sand or other substance, for example, may in some way get into the shell and irritate the tender body of the occupant, until, in self defense, it covers the intruding particle with nacre. As the secretion goes on regularly to supply the wear and growth of the shell the foreign body constantly re-ceives its full share, and thus in-creases in size until it becomes a

The Chinese very cleverly make use of their knowledge of this fact to compel one species of fresh water mussel, unio hyria, to produce pearls. They keep the unios in tanks, and insert little spherical pieces of mother of pearl or small leaden shot between the shell and the mantle of the animal; these regularly receive their coatings of the nacreous secretion, and after a time they look like pearls formed under ordinary circumstances.

In many of our museums small pearl images of Buddah are to be seen, and are considered great curi-osities. The Chinese obtain these images by imposing on the muchabused unios. They insert small images of the Buddah, stamped out of metal, and leave them in the shell until they are thickly coated with

The formation of pearls seems to have been a great puzzle to the ancients. Pliny and Discorides mention the very pretty belief that they were drops of dew or rain, which fell into the shells when opened by the animal, and were then changed into pearls by some power of the owners of the shell homes.

The most famous pearls are those from the East. From very early times the coast of Ceylon has been the chief locality for pearl fishing; now, however, pearls of nearly the same quality are found in Panama, St. Margarita, in the West Indies; the Bahrein islands, the Caromandel

Const and in other places,
When the pearl divers have obtained a boat load of the pearl oysters they return to the shore and there pile the precious cargo to die and putrefy, so that the pearls may be easily found. When the occupants

posed the washing process begins, and the loose pearls, which are always the most valuable, are carefully watched for.

The large pearls of good color and form are the best; the smaller ones are sorted into sizes, the very smallest being known as "seed pearls." If any pearls are found attached to the application of the pearls are found attached to the abelia they are handed over to the abelia they are pearly for fundinged as a surface they are a surface of face and pearly for fundinged as a surface they are a s pearls are, as a rule, used for setting, while the loose pearls are drilled and strung and are used in many ways.

The method employed to hold the pearls while the workmen drill, round and polish them is very singular: A number of holes of small depth are made in a dry piece of wood, and in these the pearls are fitted so that they are only partly beneath the surface of the wood; then the wood is placed in water. As it soaks up the water and swells the pearls become securely fixed and are then worked upon.

Sound of a Sunbeam.

One of the most wonderful of the many discoveries in science that have been made during the past few years is the fact that a ray of light pro-duces sound. A beam of sunlight is caused to pass through a prism so as to produce what is called the solar spectrum or rainbow. A disk, having slits cut in it, is revolved swiftly, and the colored light of the rainbow is made to break through it. Place the ear to a vessel containing silk, wool or other colored material. As the colored lights of the spectrum fall upon it sounds will be given by different parts of the spectrum, and there will be silence in other parts. For instance, ir the vessel contains red worsted and the green light flashes upon it loud sounds will be given. Only feeble sounds will be heard if the red and blue parts of the rainbow fall upon the vessel, and other colors make no sound at all. Green silk gives sound best in a red light. Every kind of material gives more or less sound in different colors and utters no sound in others.

Setting the River on Fire.

"Setting the Thames on fire" is an oft heard saying, but probably few people know its origin, concerning which the following explanation has been given: In the time of our forefathers corn was ground in a rough instrument called a "temse." This was merely a stone hollowed out to receive the corn, with a piece of wood passed through it, which, being rapidly turned, ground the corn to If the wooden handle was turned with sufficient force the friction of the wood against the stone would cause the stick to catch fire, but as it required considerable energy to produce this effect the person who could accomplish it was thought smart, and he who could "set the temse on fire" was pretty sure to be a good worker in other ways. After a time the "temse" was superseded by better machinery.

Franklin MacVeagh. Wayne MacVeagh.

Rollin A. Keyes. Walter T. Chandler,

Franklin MacVeagh & Co.,

· · · IMPORTERS · · ·

Manufacturers and Jobbers

GROCERIES.

OF-

CHICAGO.

New England TERMS THE EASIEST. PRICE THE LOWEST.

THE MOST POPULAR PIANO MADE-Demonstrated by the fact that more of them are sold annually than of any other make. . . .

New England..

TO RENT AND FOR SALE ON EASY PAYMENTS. Planos

Manufacturing the entire Piano enables us to make terms and prices to meet the wants of all, and you pay ONLY ONE PROFIT in dealing direct with THE LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD. It will pay you to call and investigate.

THOS. F. PICKHAM, BOILER WORKS.

Boilers, Tanks, Coolers, Smoke-Stacks, &c Office and Works, 53 & 55 Henry St., " Chicago. TELEPHONE CANAL 300.

JOHN FITZPATRICK,

Fitzpatrick's Laundry and Toilet Soaps

REFINER OF GREASE, TALLOW, ETC.

OUR SPECIALTIES.-American Wax-Mottled German-Oriental German-King Cotton-Celebrated German-Celebrated Champion-Our City-Pure Chipped Scap especially adapted for Laundry and Hotel use -- and different grades of Soft Soaps.

Office and Storehouse: 424 South Canal St. | Fac'ory: Western Avenue, near 26th Street. Telephone Canal 286. Telephone Main 4122.

H. J. CREMER, Sec. and Treas. N. A. CREMER, President.

Sherman and Taylor Sts.

Manufacturers of HAVANA CIGARS.

Deglers in LEAF TOBACCO

P. J. WALL

SIMON COCHLAN.

SIMON COGHLAN & CO., ROOFERS Felt, Composition and Gravel.

Office-341 Thirty-first St.,

Yard-3229-3231 Lowe Ave. TELEPHONES: | South 986. ... Chicago.

Illinois School of Agriculture

AND MANUAL TRAINING FOR BOYS.

GLENWOOD, ILLINO

OSCAR L. DUDLEY, Secretary and General Manager, OFFICE, ROOMS 27 AND 28, 113 ADAMS STREET, OHIDAGO

President J. T. Chumavero Chairman Executive Com. ... Andrew Crawford Vice President E. B. Butler Chairman Building Com. F. H. Foliansburger F. T. Haskell Attorney William B. Page

Superintendent Mrs. Ursula L. Harrison. Telephone 2243. - Send for Catalogue. - Telephone 2248

53 SOLID AS A STREET.....15

and the only place in the city where gentlemen can

SPECULATE

and receive immediate attention and the prompt execution of all orders in STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN and PRO-

RIALTO COMMISSION CO.,

Rialto Building, 153 Van Buren St., Chicago. MANAGEMENT TO THE PARTY OF THE

Metropolitan Theater.

HYMAN RUBENSTEIN, Proprietor.

493-501 South Jefferson-st.

(NEAR TWELFTH-ST.), CHICAGO.

Goodrich

PLEASANT. HEALTHFUL **TOURS**

On the Magnifloent New Steamships of the Goodrich Transportates Company, Running to All the Principal Ports and Summer Resorts on Lake Michigan and Green Bay.

Parties laying out their plans for a summer outing will do well to look over our list of routes and rates. No more desirable trip can be taken than that on the Green Bay Route. A taousand-mile ride along the beautiful coasts of Northern Wisconsin and Michigan and Greek Bay. Fare for the trip only \$15, meals and berth included.

Pleasant tours to the celebrated Magnetic Mineral Springs at Grand Haven and Spring Lake, coating only \$5 for the round trip, berth included. The splendid new fact steamships "ATLANTA" and "OITY OF RACINE" on this route.

Our magnificent new twin-screw steel steamship "VIRGINIA" will take her place on the day run between Chicago and Milwaukes, leaving Chicago daily at 9 a. m. We take pleasure in calling the attention of the public to this magnificent steamship as being the finest passenger steamship carrying the American flag anywhere. Fare on the day trip only \$1. Chicago to Milwaukes. The new steamship "INDIANA" is the night boot for Milwaukes. Bate on night trip \$8, berth included.

The "VIRGINIA" makes the round trip to Milwaukee every Sunday, leaving Chicago at 9 a.

m. Returning, leaves Milwaukee at 5 p. m., and arrives back in Chicago at 9:50 p. m. Fare for

HILL'S POLITICAL HISTORY OF THE

UNITED STATES. By Thomas E. Hill.

This is a large octave book of 450 pages, condensed by tabulation into a small book that it may be universally sold and circulated at a

Its purpose is to clearly present, in a manner entirely non-partisan, the merit attaching to each party. No partiality is shown in behalf of any political organization. Like the dictionary, it simply defines. It gives the best-known argument in favor of each, and leaves the reader free to choose which he will serve.

It treats upon the important live issues of the time, and is an indispensable work to people who would intelligently discuss the political situation. It is a very exhaustive compendium of Political Facts and literally answers thousands of questions. To illustrate: were drawn out of the banks and hidden

1949—1859—1809:
Who have been the occupants of the presidential chair since 1879:
Who have been members of the Cabines during every presidential administration!
How many Democrats, Republicans, and members of other parties have we had in each and every Congress!

each and every Congress!

How many lawyers in each Congress!
Whence originated the names of "Brother Jonathan," "Uncle fam," "Loco-Foco," "Sliver Greys," etc., etc.!
What were the issues involved in the Missouri Compromise, the Monroe Doctrine, the Drot Scott Decision, Fugitive Elaw, etc., etc.!

What of the biographical record of the great leaders in our early history, including

great leaders in our early history, includis Washington. Patrick Henry, Hamilto Webster, Franklin, Clay, Calboun, Jeffers and others!

What has thrown so many people into

When did the coal miners' strike begin and what was the extent of that movement?

and what was the extent of that movement!
What are the facts about the Pullman strike, the American Railway Union and the boycott of the Pullman cars!
What are the remedies proposed whereby capital and labor may each have justice!
See "Hill's Political History of the United States."

What are Democratic principles!
What does a single tax advocate propose!
If all tax was placed on land, what would set tax was placed on land, what would set the tax on the farm!

What would be the tax on suburban property, and how much on the acre worth two million dollars in the center of the city? What does a Republican believe!

Why be a Republican and favor high protective tariff!

What are the arguments for and against What do the Socialists want! What would be the conditions if Socialistic

If government owned and operated the banks, and banks never failed, and people never hid their money and all money came out and into active circulation, and money was so abundant that interest became low, and all enterprise started up and everybody had employment, what then? What do the Nationalists want? Why nationalize the railroads, the coal

What do the eight-hour advocates pro-pose! If working certain hours yields cer-tain profit, how could working less hours yield more profit! How could women be benefited by voting? What started the financia; panic of 18031

Who commenced the trade against silver-that resulted in the repeal of the Sherman law! Who started the stampeds on the banks in 1803, by which 714 of them failed in eight months, and four hundred million dollars

THE EAGLE for one year and HILL'S POLITICAL HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES, in Morocco Binding, together for \$2.25. Send all orders and remittances to HENRY P. DONOVAN, Publisher Chicago Eagle, Chicago. Fil.
